

FOR OFFICIAL USE



National
Qualifications
2016

Mark

X747/75/01

**Mathematics
Paper 1
(Non-Calculator)**

THURSDAY, 12 MAY

1:00 PM – 2:00 PM



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Fill in these boxes and read what is printed below.

Full name of centre

Town

Forename(s)

Surname

Number of seat

Date of birth

Day

Month

Year

Scottish candidate number

Total marks — 40

Attempt ALL questions.

You may NOT use a calculator.

Full credit will be given only to solutions which contain appropriate working.

State the units for your answer where appropriate.

Write your answers clearly in the spaces provided in this booklet. Additional space for answers is provided at the end of this booklet. If you use this space you must clearly identify the question number you are attempting.

Use **blue** or **black** ink.

Before leaving the examination room you must give this booklet to the Invigilator; if you do not, you may lose all the marks for this paper.



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FORMULAE LIST

The roots of $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$ are $x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{(b^2 - 4ac)}}{2a}$

Sine rule: $\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$

Cosine rule: $a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos A$ or $\cos A = \frac{b^2 + c^2 - a^2}{2bc}$

Area of a triangle: $A = \frac{1}{2} ab \sin C$

Volume of a sphere: $V = \frac{4}{3} \pi r^3$

Volume of a cone: $V = \frac{1}{3} \pi r^2 h$

Volume of a pyramid: $V = \frac{1}{3} Ah$

Standard deviation: $s = \sqrt{\frac{\Sigma(x - \bar{x})^2}{n - 1}}$

or $s = \sqrt{\frac{\Sigma x^2 - \frac{(\Sigma x)^2}{n}}{n - 1}}$, where n is the sample size.



Total marks — 40
 Attempt ALL questions

1. Given $\mathbf{p} = \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ -6 \end{pmatrix}$ and $\mathbf{q} = \begin{pmatrix} -5 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$.

Find the resultant vector $\frac{1}{2}\mathbf{p} + \mathbf{q}$.

Express your answer in component form.

2

2. Evaluate $\frac{3}{4}\left(\frac{1}{3} + \frac{2}{7}\right)$.

Give your answer in its simplest form.

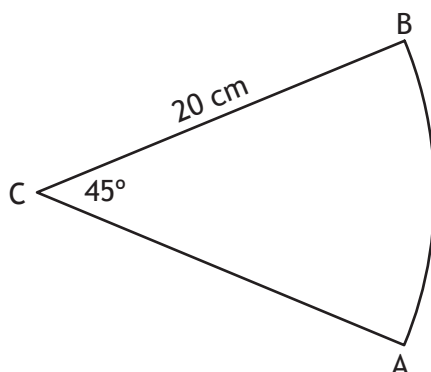
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3. The diagram shows a sector of a circle, centre C.



The radius of the circle is 20 centimetres and angle ACB is 45° .

Calculate the area of the sector.

Take $\pi = 3.14$.

3



4. Charlie is making costumes for a school show.
 One day he made 2 cloaks and 3 dresses.
 The total amount of material he used was 9.6 square metres.
- (a) Write down an equation to illustrate this information. 1
- (b) The following day Charlie made 3 cloaks and 4 dresses.
 The total amount of material he used was 13.3 square metres.
 Write down an equation to illustrate this information. 1
- (c) Calculate the amount of material required to make one cloak and the amount of material required to make one dress. 4

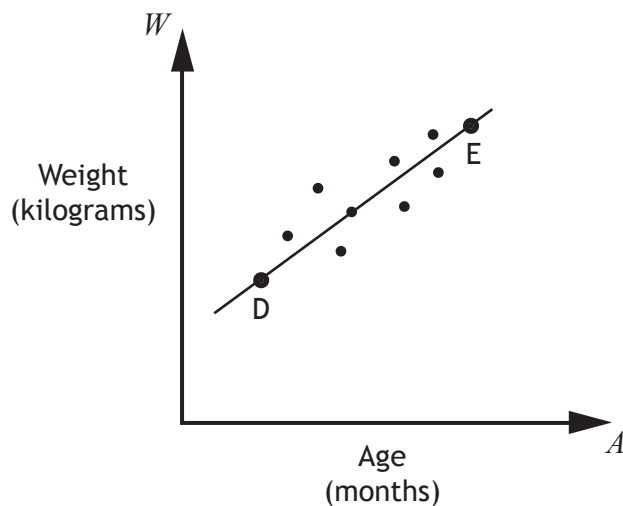
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5. A cattle farmer records the weight of some of his calves.

The scattergraph shows the relationship between the age, A months, and the weight, W kilograms, of the calves.



A line of best fit is drawn.

Point D represents a 3 month old calf which weighs 100 kilograms.

Point E represents a 15 month old calf which weighs 340 kilograms.

- (a) Find the equation of the line of best fit in terms of A and W .
Give the equation in its simplest form.

3



5. (continued)

- (b) Use your equation from part (a) to estimate the weight of a one year old calf.

Show your working.

1

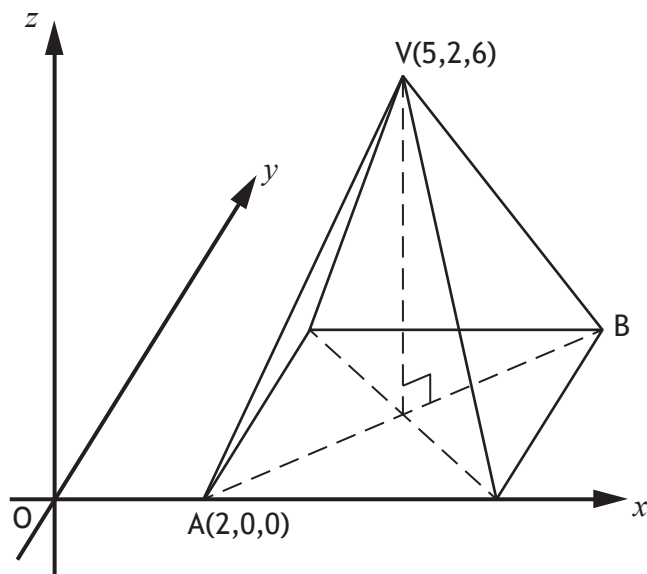
6. Determine the nature of the roots of the function $f(x) = 7x^2 + 5x - 1$.

2



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7. The diagram shows a rectangular based pyramid, relative to the coordinate axes.



- A is the point (2,0,0).
- V is the point (5,2,6).

(a) Write down the coordinates of B.

1

(b) Calculate the length of edge AV of the pyramid.

3



8. Solve the equation

$$\frac{2x}{3} - \frac{5}{6} = 2x.$$

Give your answer in its simplest form.

3

9. The function $f(x)$ is defined by $f(x) = \frac{2}{\sqrt{x}}$, $x > 0$.

Express $f(5)$ as a fraction with a rational denominator.

2



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10. Sketch the graph of $y = (x - 3)^2 + 1$.

On your sketch, show clearly the coordinates of the turning point and the point of intersection with the y -axis.

3



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11. Simplify

$$\tan^2 x^\circ \cos^2 x^\circ .$$

Show your working.

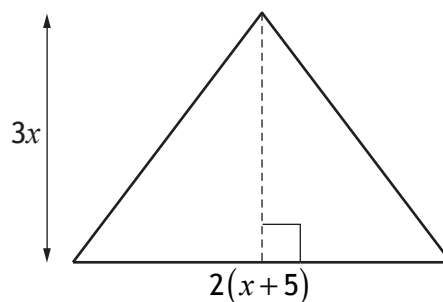
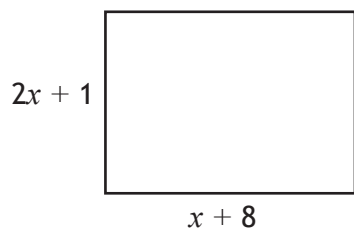
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12. The diagrams below show a rectangle and a triangle.
All measurements are in centimetres.



- (a) Find an expression for the area of the **rectangle**.

1

- (b) Given that the area of the rectangle is equal to the area of the triangle, show that $x^2 - 2x - 8 = 0$.

3



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12. (continued)

(c) Hence find, **algebraically**, the length and breadth of the rectangle.

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[END OF QUESTION PAPER]



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